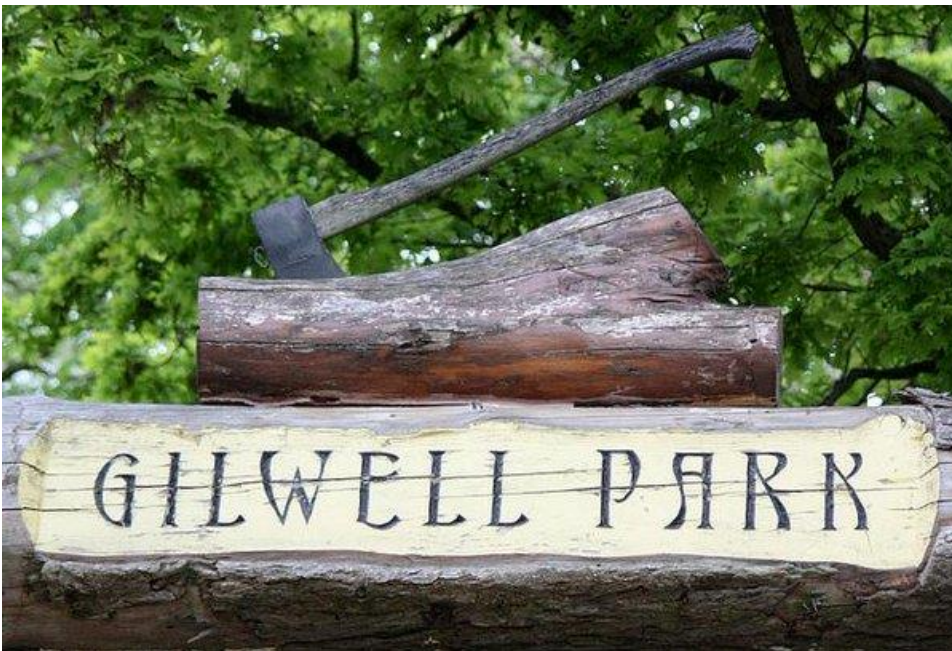




EUDIOLGY



**Why EU is known
in the world?**

**Important things
which help to
travel around the
EU.**

**Things which
connect EU
countries.**

**What is the future
of the EU?**

GILLWELL PARK
CHINGFORD, LONDON
E4 7QW

Why EU is known in the world.

The European Union (EU) is a political and economic union of 28 member states that are located primarily in Europe. It has an area of 4,475,757 km² (1,728,099 sq mi), and an estimated population of over 510 million. The EU has developed an internal single market through a standardised system of laws that apply in all member states. EU policies aim to ensure the free movement



of people, goods, services, and capital within the internal market, enact legislation in justice and home affairs, and maintain common policies on trade, agriculture, fisheries, and regional development. Within the Schengen Area, passport controls have been abolished. A monetary union was established in 1999 and came into full force in 2002, and is composed of 19 EU member states which use the euro currency.

The EU traces its origins from the European Coal and Steel Community (ECSC) and the European Economic Community (EEC), established, respectively, by the 1951 Treaty of Paris and 1957 Treaty of Rome. The original members of what came to be known as the European Communities, were the Inner Six; Belgium, France, Italy, Luxembourg, the Netherlands and West Germany. The Communities and its successors have grown in size by the accession of new member states and in power by the addition of policy areas to its remit. While no member state has left the EU or its antecedent organisations, the United Kingdom enacted the result of a membership referendum in June 2016 and is currently negotiating its withdrawal. The Maastricht Treaty established the European Union in 1993 and introduced European citizenship. The latest major amendment to the constitutional basis of the EU, the Treaty of Lisbon, came into force in 2009.

The union maintains permanent diplomatic missions throughout the world and represents itself at the United Nations, the World Trade Organization, the G7, and the G20. Because of its global influence, the European Union has been described as an emerging superpower.

Important things which help to travel around the EU.

Make Sure You Have:

- 1) Valid Passport
- 2) Medicine
- 3) Outlet Plug adapter
- 4) Currency exchange

1) Valid Passport: Remember that many countries require that your passport be valid for at least six months (some just three months) after your arrival date before they'll grant entry to their country. It doesn't matter if you're only going for a day; if you don't have at least six months validity, you could, and probably will, be denied entry.



2) Medicine: Travellers who need to carry medication should be aware that their medication's legal status in other countries may be different from in the UK. Legal requirements for carrying personal medicines across international borders are highly variable and often not consistently enforced. This applies to over-the-counter medication as well as prescription drugs. Some countries may not allow the entry of certain types of medicines, and others may have blanket regulations requiring specific permission. The regulations regarding whether a



traveller needs to carry a doctor's letter describing the medication also varies widely.

3) Outlet plug adapter: Change the plug on your electronics to fit the outlet of the country (UK and Europe are different plugs). Don't confuse these with "voltage adapters". Read our guide for traveling with electronics to find out the difference.



4) Currency Exchange: When traveling to Europe, it will be necessary to exchange money to receive Euros. Euros are the form of currency used in much of Europe. There are multiple ways to exchange money in Europe and each way comes with advantages and disadvantages.



WARNING

"We travel not to escape life, but for life not to escape us."

THINGS WHICH CONNECT EU COUNTRIES

Free Trading

Trade agreements and obligations in EU countries are open and free because the World Trade Organization lay out World trade rules.

Common Currency

EU countries which are in the EURO zone have the same currency, euro, which helps countries to trade easier and have a stable currency rate.

Open borders

EU citizens can travel across all the Europe countries which are a part of the union without having a VISA. The only document that people need is an ID card or a passport.

Support between the countries

EU countries have embassies that help people while travelling in case of accidents. In an emergency they help tourists to be safe in a foreign country.

Educational projects

EU has an ERASMUS+ program, which helps young people to get experience in student and youth exchange programs. Projects unites different countries to work together, share their culture and learn new things about which other.



What is the future of the EU

- Better economy
- Better communication
- Unity
- More union members
- More educational activities
- Friendlier relationships between the countries of the EU.
- Make Europe a more peaceful place to live in
- Make EU feel more like a community



Find the words that connect the EU

R X O J Q I M E M B E R S T Y
Y T E G N A H C X E H S Z R O
M S R F O X J O L O F P E O U
O E S U P R N N Z R R Q R P T
N I X Y S O U N B Y E H A S H
O C F Y I T O E P V E W S S Y
C I E N Q T Y C I Y D E M A C
E L U D R W T T H T O P U P N
B O Z A U U I I S I M O S I E
B P V M V C N O D N E R E I R
M E G T H S A N N U O U L U R
L R M N A D M T E M Y E P O U
V Y T I N U U R I M V I O U C
X L J V S T H J R O H O E O H
J D E C A E P A F C N T P A L

The count of the words is 22.